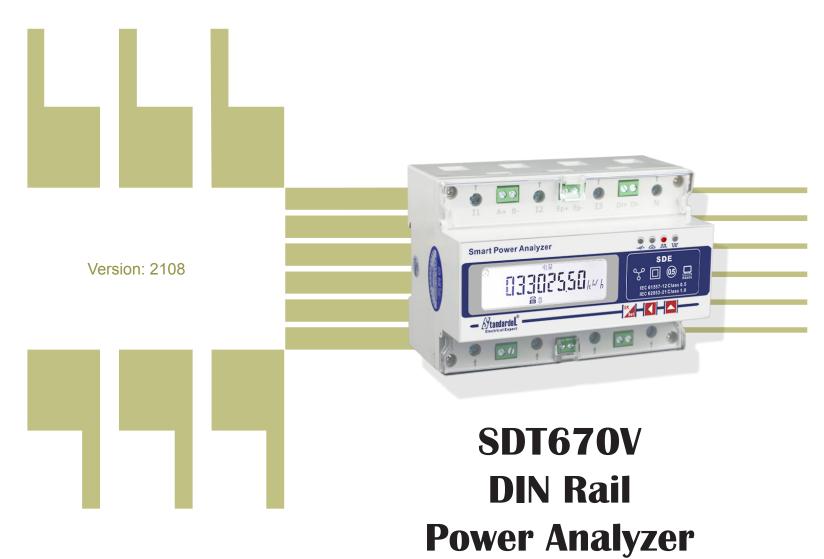




# **Technical Manual**



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#### 1. General

SDT670V DIN rail power analyzer is designed special for energy management system (EMS). By its DIN rail installation, it is very suitable to be used with breakers, contactors. Besides electrical energies, it may measure all the parameters on the electrical networks, such as currents, voltages, active powers, reactive powers, apparent powers, frequency, power factors and 4 quadrant energies.

We may connect up to 100A current to SDT670V directly. It has a 8 digits LCD display with backlight. By its front keys, you may easily check different display data or program its parameters. It has a RS485 interface to transfer the measuring data to other master devices, such as PLC, data center computers.

SDT670V has good cost performance, as an intelligent unit and a digital electrical data collection unit, it has been widely used in many intelligent systems.

## 2. Functions

- Measuring: 30 parameters on AC electrical network: AL1, AL2, AL3(current senses), VL1, VL2, VL3, VL1-2, VL2-3, VL3-1, Fr, imp & exp kWh, L & C kvarh
- Display: With 8 digits white backlight, display range 000000.00~99999999 kWh; keep kWh value without power; dot will move according to energy value to 8 integer digits;
- **Dimension:** 7 modules (126×89×74mm);
- Current Input: 5A (Ext. CT), 16A, 32A, 63A, 100A;
- Line & Voltage Input:
  - 3P3L (3x100V, 3x230V, 3x400V, 3x690V)
- Power Supply: AC/DC85-265V;
- Communication: With 2 cables isolated RS485 interface up to 38400bps (Def. Modbus-RTU protocol);
- Pulse: kWh impulse output (comply DIN43864);
- Autodiagnosis: for wiring error alarm, check error reason by alarm code;
- Mounting: 35mm standard DIN rail installation;
- computer;
- software;

PL1, PL2, PL3, PL, QL1, QL2, QL2, QL, SL1, SL2, SL3, SL, PF1, PF2, PF3, PF,

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3P4L (3x57.7/100V, 3x127/220V, 3x230V/400V, 3x240/415V, 3x400/690V);
```

- Software: With free testing software, to easily read its data and set its parameters by - Secondary Develop: provide DLL dynamic library and C# example, to develop you own



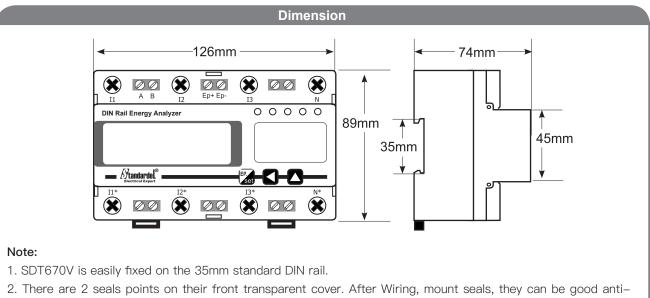
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## 3. Features

Technical Feature		Parameters		
	Wiring	2P3L, 3P3L, 3P4L		
	Voltage	2x110V/220V, 3x57.7/100V, 3x127/220V, 3x230V/400V,3x240/415V,3x400/690V 3x100V, 3x230V, 3x400V, 3x690V		
	Voltage	Rated 0.9 ~ 1.1Un; Max 0.7 ~ 1.2Un		
Input		Comsumption ≤5VA / line		
input	Ourreat	3x5A(Ext. CT), 3x16A, 3x32A, 3x63A, 3x100A		
	Current	Comsumption ≤4VA / line		
	Frequency	50 / 60Hz		
	Accuracy	U,I,P 0.2%, kWh 0.5%, kVarh 1.0%		
	Thermal drift	<200ppm		
	Wiring	2 cables isolated RS485 (Modbus-RTU protocol)		
RS485	Baud rate	1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400bps		
interface	Parity	n81,n82,e81,o81		
	Bus Capacity	32		
		kWh impulse (open-collector)		
Ener	gy Impulse	VCC<48V, Iz<50mA		
		Constant: 10imp/kWh		
		2kVAC/min ( input / output / power supply)		
15	solation	input / housing and output / housing >50M $\Omega$		
Ins	tallation	Standard 35mm DIN rail		
Standard		IEC 61557–12 Class 0.5 IEC 62053–21 Class 1.0		
		Work Temperature: -20C ~ +55C		
<b>F</b>	:	Storage Temperature: -40C ~ +70C		
ENV	vironment	Relative humidity: 5% ~ 95% (no condensation)		
		Altitude: < 2500m		
	Othoro	Dimension: 126×89×74 (mm)		
(	Others	Weight: 745g		

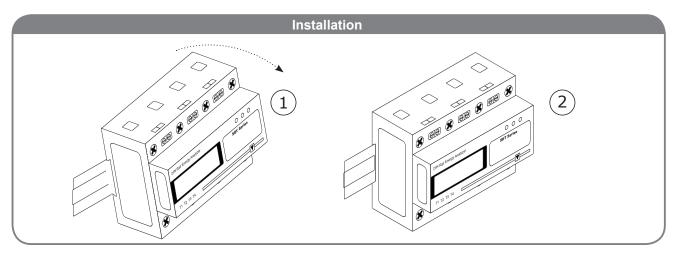
## 4. Dimension



#### Note:

stealing.

3. When the current is more than 80Amp, please use special connector **/** to make sure the wiring security.





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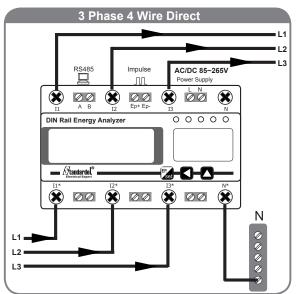
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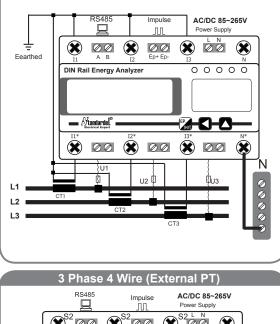
6

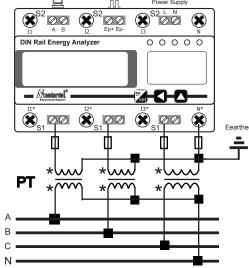
#### 5. Wiring

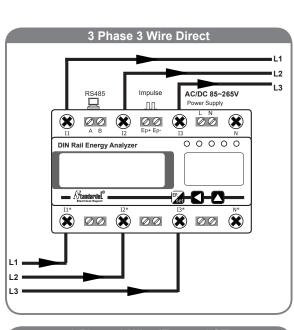
#### 5.1 Measuring Wiring

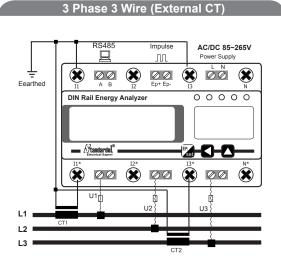


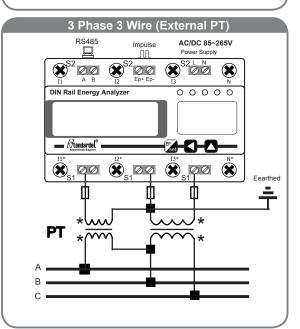
## 3 Phase 4 Wire (External CT)











## Please distinguish from 3P4W and 3P3W on SDT670V when ordering.

#### 1. Voltage Input:

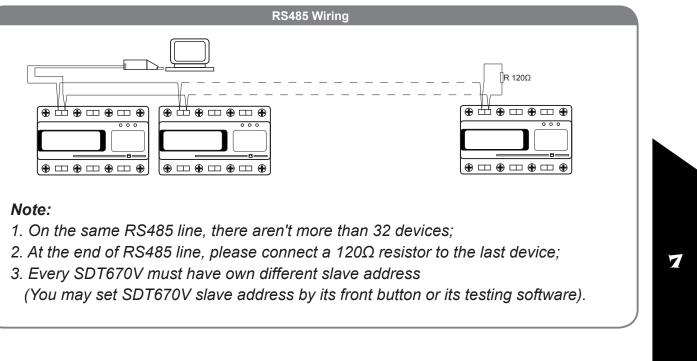
(1) SDT670V line-line voltage is up to more than 800V; (2) For safe wiring and lightning protection, best to wire the 1A fuse on voltage inputs and power supply L line; 2. Current Input:

(1) When current is more than rating 5A, it's best to use CT; (2) If there is other kWh meter or ammeter on the AC line, please mount SDT670V in series connection with their current transformers;

(3) Before disconnect current input, make sure disconnect CT primary circuit or short CT secondary circuit; (4) Make attention of current transformer direction, including installation direction P1,P2 and wiring direction S1,S2; The reverse current will cause negative active power and negative energy value; 3. Make sure that each phase current matchs its voltage, including their phase number and their direction;

otherwise it will cause error measuring or error sign; 4. SDT670V need auxiliary power supply to work on AC/DC85-265V;

## 5.2 RS485 Communication Wiring

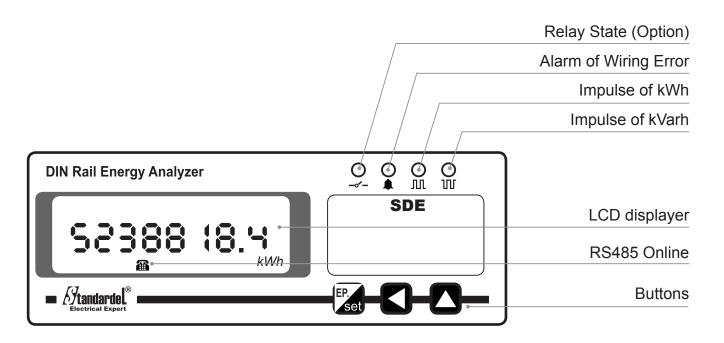


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6. Display



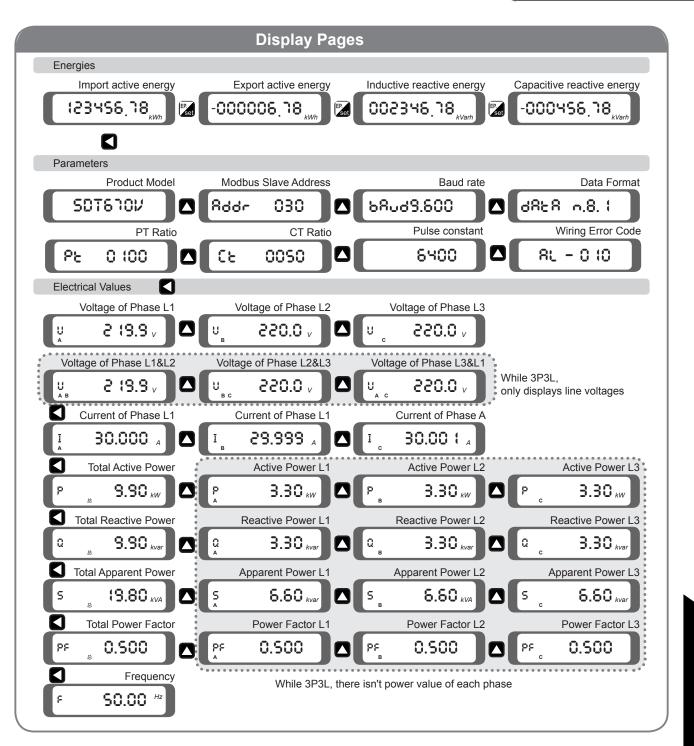
## Attention:

1. If under well communication of RS485, the marking 🖀 will flicker;

2. If there is load current, LED of  $\mathfrak{M}$  and  $\mathfrak{M}$  will flicker;

3. If **1** lights, it means there is wiring error(s); please check error code to look for the error reason:

4. By front 3 keys, you may change display and setting parameters.



#### Note:

- SDT670V can display main 27 parameters, the user may change display page by button;
- SDT670V/R doesn't need to set CT ratio, because it reads the real values on bus;
- You may check SDT670V parameters without into setting menu;
- [AL] wring error code: with3 digits.

	Х	Х	Х
Normal	0 – Normal	0 – Normal	0 – Normal
Error	1 – phase sequence error	1 – reversed current	1 – lose phase voltage
Reason	There is unmatch of phase current and phase voltage	There is split core CT mounted reversedly	There is missing of phase voltage



- After set PT or CT ratio, SDT670V displays real values; you don't need multiply the PT or CT ratio again;

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#### 7. Progamming

#### 7.1 Button Setting Locally

	Progra	amming Menu	
Cod60000	Enter programming password 1.Under reading pages, press and k 2. Default enter programming passw 3. Press I I to choose digit, Pres	vord is 0000;	Programming mode;
inEt 3P4L	Choose Network: - 3P4L - 3P3L Press I T to change value;	« <b>Ъ</b> ЯŬd9.600	Set RS485 Baud rate:   1.Option value: -1.200(1200bps)   -2.400(2400bps) -4.800(4800bps)   -9.600(9600bps) -19.20(19200bps)   -38.40(38400bps) 2.Press ▲ ▲ to change value;
₽E 000 (	Set PT Ratio: 1.Option value: 0001- 9999 2.Press ▲ ▲ to change value; (4000/400V, set PT = 10)	<sup>∋</sup> d8≿8 n.8. (	Set RS485 frame mode:   1. Option value:   - n,8,1 (1 stop bit, no parity)   - o,8,1 (1 stop bit,odd parity )   - e,8,1 (1 stop bit,even parity)   - n,8,2 (2 stop bit,no parity)   2.Press 【】 【】 to change value;
∍CE 0001	Set CT Ratio: 1.Option value: 0001- 9999 2.Press ▲ ▲ to change value; (200/5A, set CT= 40)	€CLr no	Reset all energies' value:   1.Option value: - no - yes   2.Press Image: The set of the se
≤CoN Nod	Choose Protocol: - mod (Modbus-RTU) - 645 (DL/T645) Press 【 ▲ to change value;	°60NE 060	Set LCD backlight duration: 1.Option value: 0-255 (seconds) 2.Press I To change value; (value 0: backlight is always ON; default value is 60 seconds)
980dr 020	Set Modbus Slave Address: 1.Option value: 1- 247 2.Press	Cod60000	Set programming password: 1.Option value: 0-9999 (Default 0000) 2.Press I to change value;
	1	SRUE no	Save programming values: 1.press & keep ∰ 3sec to enter Save Page; 2.Option value: - no - yes 3.Press ♥ ♪ to choose;Press ∰ to confirm saving.

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#### Attention:

1. SDT670V is cabled on 3P4W or 3P3W, then set network on it;

2. SDT670V's CT ratio is fixed under production, no need to chage;

3. After setting, have to save the setting;

To check the good setting on the parameter menu, after setting

#### 7.2 Software Setting Remotely by RS485

🛤 SDT670 Testing Tool

301	1070 Testing 1001				
	ОТ670 Те	st	ing Tool		
ionn	ection Set		IP 192.168.8.236 Port 8899 ★ Delay 1000 ★ Addr 1 ★		CC TC Stop
leasi	uring Data 🛛 🍥 All -				
	Volt L-N		Currents		React.
A B C	220.5V 220.4V 220.2V	A B C	450.00A 450.00A 450.00A	A B C	84.00 84.00 84.00
	Volt L-L	AVG	450.00A	Σ	255.0
A B C	381.8V 381.6V 381.7V	A B	Act. Power 48.00kw 48.00kw	A B	Appa 99.00 99.00
A	Frequency 50.03Hz	C Σ	48.00kw 147.00kw	C Σ	99.00 297.0
ata (	Detection ———				
1 03 Conn	are Send: 00 00 00 4C 44 3F ected! Device Respor		:		4-11 16:4

01 03 98 01 01 00 00 00 01 01 02 23 20 19 00 00 00 00 01 01 2C 00 00 00 00 00 E6 00 00 00 00 00 00 F3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 07 C7 10 90 45 76 58 98 6E 89 7F 57 DC 9A 25 3C 02 F9 17 76 38 88 0C A3 0E C4 BD E4 8C D3 AE 80 47 91 55 44 BC 28 DE 74 CC 36 03 5F 00 00 00 E5 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 10 10 056 1F 56 1B 56 07 95 27 95 13 95 16 00 96 00 96 00 96 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 31 00 1C 00 1C 00 1C 00 55 00 21 00 21 00 21 00 63 13 6A 13 56 13 CE 13 88 C3 6E 0D A2

Connected! Address:1, Gateway IP:192.168.8.236, Gateway Port:8899

#### – Software function:

SDT670V\_Testing Tool can

1. To test the RS485 communication quality;

2. To read all the measuring data of SDT670V

3. To make mass setting of SDT670V's Modbus slave address and baudrate.; 3) To clear SDT670V's energies data.

#### - Operation Step:

Step1: Run "SDT670V\_Test.exe"。

Step2: choose correct serial port, baudrate, parity on PC, input SDT670V slave address (Def. 01); then click [Read] button to begin reading SDT670V's data. (Def. read one time 1 seconday) corresponding text box.)

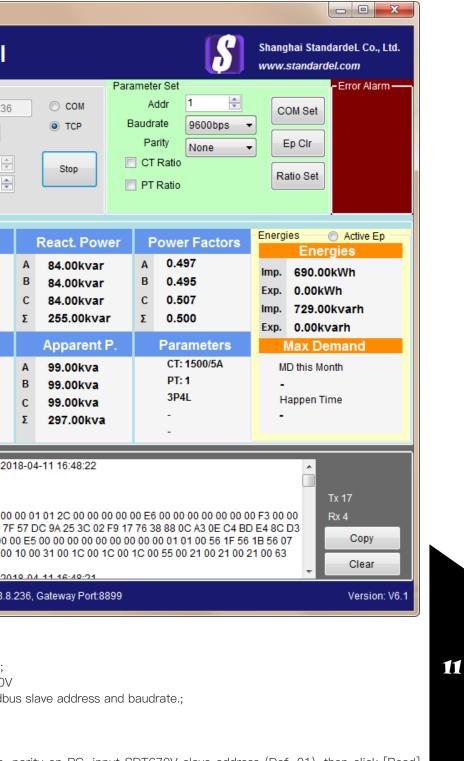
Step3: If you well read the data of SDT670V, the button [COM Set] [Ep Clr] [Ratio Set] will be activated:

- to click [Ep Clr] to reset all the energies' value to zero;

- after inputing the slave adress or baudrate or parity, to click [COM Set] to change SDT670V's RS485 parameters; - after inputing the CT or PT ratio, to click [Ratio Set] to change wiring parameters.

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- (if the left bottom displays ), software is well connected with SDT670V, and all the measuring data are in their
- (if the left bottom displays ), software doesn't connect with SDT670V, please check the error reason after ;;

## 8. Modbus Protocol

## 8.1 Registor Map

Registe Dec	or Code Hex	Items	Format	Read Write	Explanation
0 - high	00 - high	Slave Address	UInt8	R/W	Range: 001~247 (Default 001)
					1:9600bps (Default: <b>1</b> )
					2:4800bps
- low	- low	Baud rate	UInt8	R/W	3:2400bps
- 1000	- 1000	Dauu Tale	Unito	r////	4:1200bps
					5:19200bps
					6:38400bps
					0: 8,n,1 (Default: <b>0</b> )
1 - high	01 - high	Data Frame format	UInt8	R/W	1: 8,e,1
i iligii	or night		Onito	1000	2: 8,0,1
					3: 8,n,2
- low	- low	Line Mode	UInt8	R	0:3P4L; 1:3P3L (Default: 0)
2~5	02~05			En	npty
6 - high	06 - bigb	Error Alarm Message	UInt8	R	0000 0 0 0 0 0 (0-No; 1-Alarm)
0 - High	00 - mgn		Onito		Er Phases UL3 UL2 UL1
- low	- low	Current sense	UInt8	R	00000 0 0 0 (0 postive; 1 negative)
1011	1000		Onito		IL3 IL2 IL1
7	07	PT ratio	UInt16	R/W	0001~9999
1	07	1 1 1200	Omero		(External PT 10kV/100V, ratio = 100)
8	08	CT ratio	UInt16	R/W	0001~9999
			Omero		(External CT 200/5A, ratio = 40)
9 - high	09-high	Control Relay (Option)	UInt16	R/W	0:Open Relay; 1:Close Relay
- low	- low	Relay State (Option)	UInt16	R	0:Open; 1:Close
10,11	0A,0B	Import active energy	UInt32	R/W	RealValue = (65536*Registor_H+Registor_L)/100
12,13	0C,0D	Export active energy	UInt32	R/W	(Unite: kWh)
14,15	0E,0F	Inductive reactive energy	UInt32	R/W	RealValue = (65536*Registor_H+Registor_L)/100
16,17	10,11	Capacitive reactive energy	UInt32	R/W	(Unite: kVarh)
18~49	12~31			En	npty
50	32	Voltage L1-N	UInt16	R	
51	33	Voltage L2-N	UInt16	R	
52	34	Voltage L3-N	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/100
53	35	Voltage between L1 & L2	UInt16	R	(Unit: V)
54	36	Voltage between L2 & L3	UInt16	R	
55	37	Voltage between L3 & L1	UInt16	R	
56	38	Current on phase L1	UInt16	R	
57	39	Current on phase L2	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/100
58	3A	Current on phase L3	UInt16	R	(Unite: A)
59	3B	Active power on phase L1	UInt16	R	
60	3C	Active power on phase L2	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/100
61	3D	Active power on phase L3	UInt16	R	Unite: kW)
62	3E	Total Active power	UInt16	R	

63	3F	Reactive power phase L1	UInt16	R	
64	40	Reactive power phase L2	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/100
65	41	Reactive power phase L3	UInt16	R	(Unite: kVar)
66	42	Total Reactive power	UInt16	R	
67	43	Apparent power phase L1	UInt16	R	
68	44	Apparent power phase L2	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/100
69	45	Apparent power phase L3	UInt16	R	(Unite: kVA)
70	46	Total Apparent power	UInt16	R	
71	47	Power factor on phase L1	UInt16	R	
72	48	Power factor on phase L2	UInt16	R	Really/alua - Register//alua/10000
73	49	Power factor on phase L3	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/10000
74	4A	Total Power factor	UInt16	R	
75	4B	Frequency	UInt16	R	RealValue = RegistorValue/1000 (Unite: Hz)

- 1. Data Format: One registor with 2 bytes, hight byte before, low byte behind UInt8: 8bits unsigned integer; UInt16: 16 bits unsigned integer; UInt32: 32bits unsigned integer; Int16: 16 bits signed integer;
- 2. The registor values are secondary values, and they needs to multipy CT&PT ratio to get real values.

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#### 8.2 Interface

1. SDT670V is equipped with 2-cables half-duplex RS485 interface and it is built-in standard Modbus-RTU protocol; the cables should be Shielded Twisted Pair and its diameter should above 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

2. On one RS485 line, there are able to connect maximan 32 devices; every SDT670V must have own different slave address.

3. The wiring of RS485 cables should be far away HV cables or HV environment; we suggest wiring of Mode T, not Mode Star

4. Programmable Baudrate 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200bps, 19200bps, 38400bps default is 9600bps

5. Data Transmit Format: 1 start bit, 8 data bit, 1 stop bit, no parity

#### 8.3 Protocol

Modbus-RTU: it is the communication mode between master device and slave device on one RS485 line. At first, the master device requests one sole slave device; then this slave device reponses master device

Modbus-RTU allow to communicate only between master device and slave device and don't allow to communiate among slave devices. Therefore the slave devices don't occupy the communication line when it initialize.

Master request: request frame includes slave address, function code, data and CRC check.

Slave Address	Function Code	Data	CRC16 Check
1 byte	1 byte	N bytes	2 bytes

Slave Address: every analyzer has one address different from others on one RS485 line; range from 1~247; only requested analyzer will response master.

Function Code:

Hex order	Function
03H	Read data from one or several registor(s)
10H	Write data into one or several registor(s)

Data: including read or write data CRC16 check:  $x^{16} + x^{15} + x^2 + 1$ 

#### 8.4 Examples

1. Read registors: want to read the currents of 3 phases of analyzer's slave address 01. Master request:

Slave Address	Function	Start Registor	Registor Number	CRC
01H	03H	00H,38H	00H,03H	84H,06H

SDT670V response:

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-						
Slave Address	Function	Byte Number	Data	CRC		
01H	03H	06H	27H,27H,27H,11H,27H,0AH	D2H,E3H		
AL1 = (27Hx100H+27H)/100 = 100.23A						
AL2 = (27Hx100H+11H)/100 = 100.01A						
$A = (27 \pm \sqrt{100} \pm 0.01)$	$\frac{1}{1}$					

AL3 = (27Hx100H+0AH)/100 = 99.94A

2. Read registors: want to read the import reactive energy of analyzer's slave address 10. Master request:

Slave Address	Function	Start Registor	Registor Number	CRC
0AH	03H	00H,50H	00H,02H	C5H,61H

#### SDT670V response:

Slave Address	Function	Byte Number	Data	CRC
0AH	03H	04H	01H,02H,03H,04H	E1H,FCH

Import kVarh = (10000Hx(100Hx01H+02H) + (100Hx03H+04H))/100 = 169090.00 kVarh

#### 10. Feedback

#### 1. SDT670V doesn't work

SDT670V is powered by auxilary power supply between AC/DC85-265V.

#### 2. Electrical value error

2.1. Please make sure of correct wiring of input current and of input voltage to SDT670V, after wiring, you may use multimeter to check whether the input values are correct; 2.2. Please make sure of phase sequence is correct, it means that L1 current input must be matched to L1 voltage input;

2.3. The measured values by SDT670V are RMS, they are a little different from the measured values by multimeter. It is normal;

2.4 If there is external CT. please check whether it is set CT. ratio;

#### 3. Energy value error

3.1 SDT670V's accumulated energy values are based on active power values, if energy values aren't correct, please check whether active power values and PF values are correspoding to real values. 3.2 SDT670V counts bidirectional active energies, if the current wiring or CT secondary wiring is inverse, the active energy will be counted on export active energy. So you have to make current wiring again.

4. SDT670V Err Alarms LED (Please check the error code on display menu) 1. There is no current or no voltage on any one of 3 phase;

- 2. Any current input donesn't match its voltage input;
- 3. On 3P3L wring, Err Alarm LED will turn on;

4. To measure the unbalance 3 phases load, Err Alarm LED will turn on.

#### 5. RS485 Communication Error

- SDT670V doesn't response

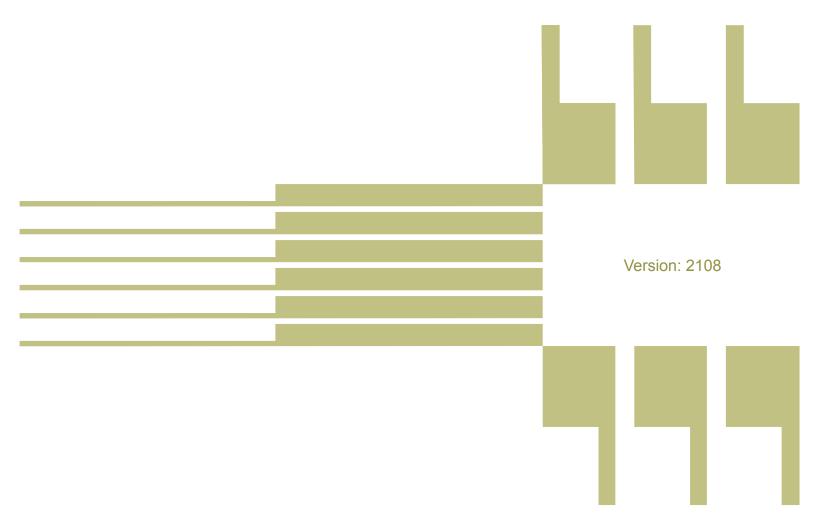
Please make sure the correct RS485 communication setting of SDT670V, they (slave address, baudrate, data frame formate) must match the master devices (PC, PLC); If there are several SDT670V who don't response on a same RS485 line, please check whether this RS485 line is avaible, or whether the RS485 converter / TCP server work well. If only one SDT670V doesn't response, pleaes check the RS485 cable.

#### - SDT670V responses error data

Please read SDT670V register map again, make sure the good registor number, data format of the register. We suggest using our SDT670V testing software to read.

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